Using the Norwegian Nature Index as a biodiversity account











Simon Jakobsson















- State of biodiversity as an aggregated index
 - Population levels of species, species groups and, a few, indirect indicators (total: 261)













- State of biodiversity as an aggregated index
 - ▶ Population levels of species, species groups and, a few, indirect indicators (total: 261)
- Representative selection of native species/indicators for seven main ecosystems
 - Ocean waters, Coastal waters, Freshwater, Wetland, Woodland, Mountain, Open lowland













- State of biodiversity as an aggregated index
 - ▶ Population levels of species, species groups and, a few, indirect indicators (total: 261)
- Representative selection of native species/indicators for seven main ecosystems
 - Ocean waters, Coastal waters, Freshwater, Wetland, Woodland, Mountain, Open lowland
- Defined reference conditions for all ecosystems
 - ▶ Theoretical intact nature, with negligible human impact* and given climate and species assemblages in the climate normal period (1961 1990)







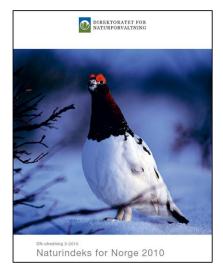


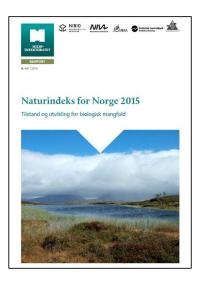


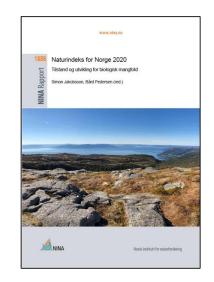
^{*} For semi-natural ecosystems: ecosystems under good appropriate management, with negligible other human impact



- Involves a large number of experts across ecosystems
- Updated every fifth year; includes updated calculations back in time
 - 'best available knowledge'
- So far presented in 2010, 2015 and 2020



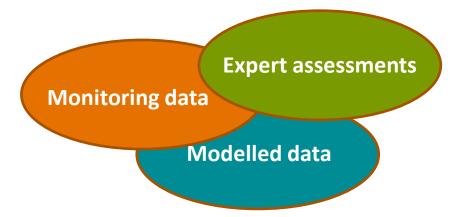






2010 2015 2020



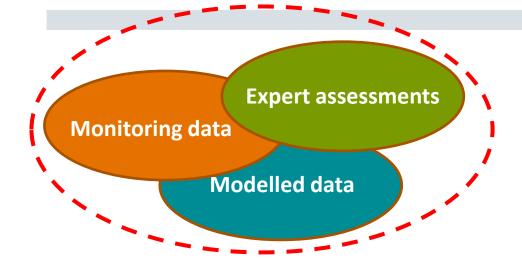










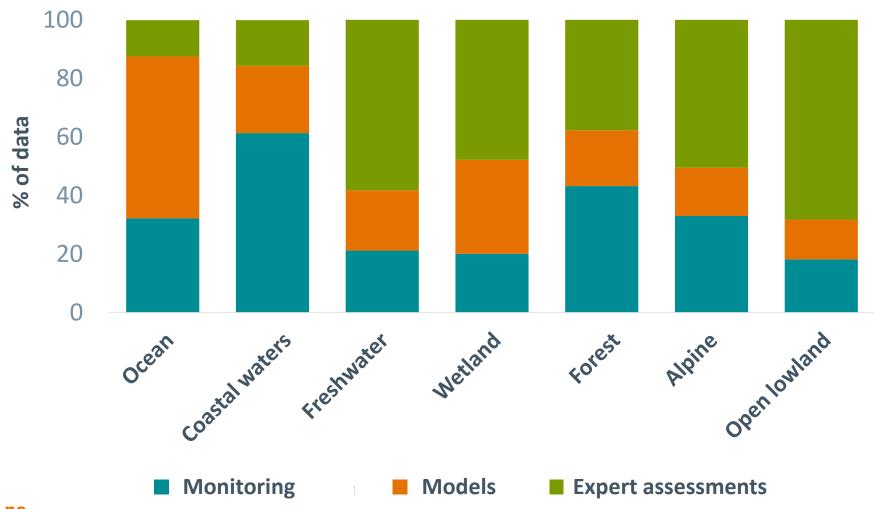




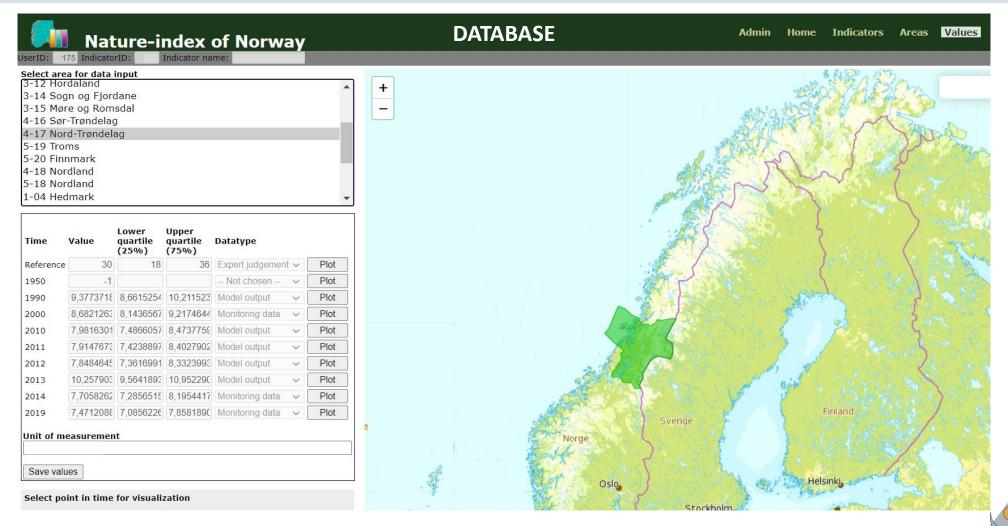


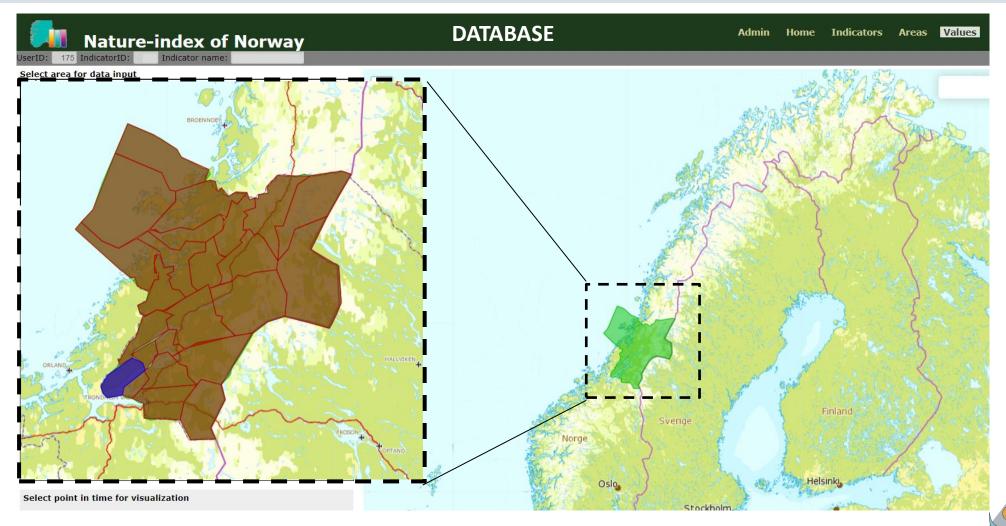


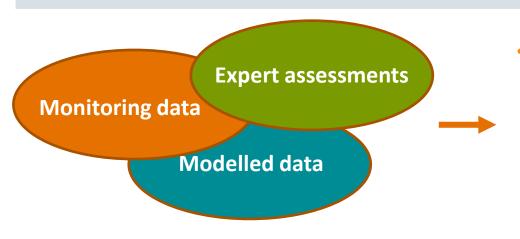






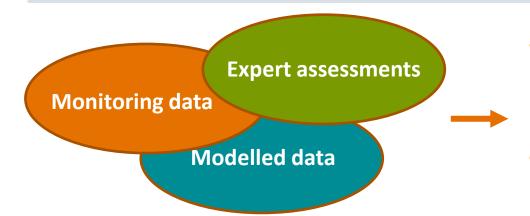




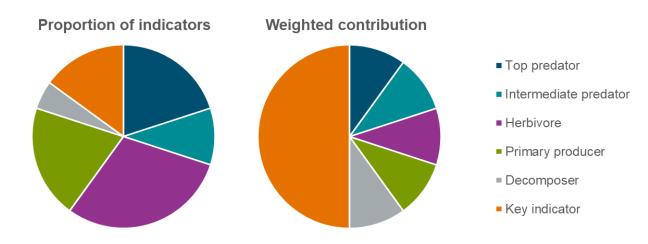


- Scaling
 - ▶ 1 = Reference condition *intact nature* (truncated values)
 - 0 = 'Absence' (degraded ecosystem)





- Scaling
 - ▶ 1 = Reference condition *intact nature* (truncated values)
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- Aggregation weighting
 - Functional groups



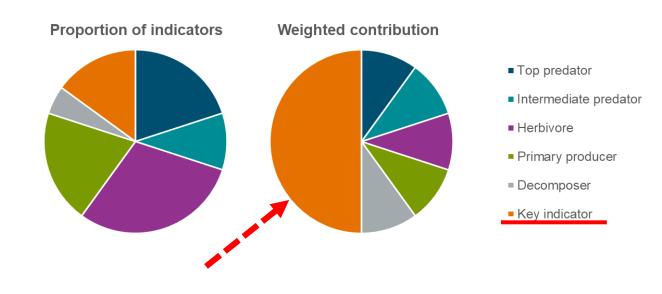


Expert assessments

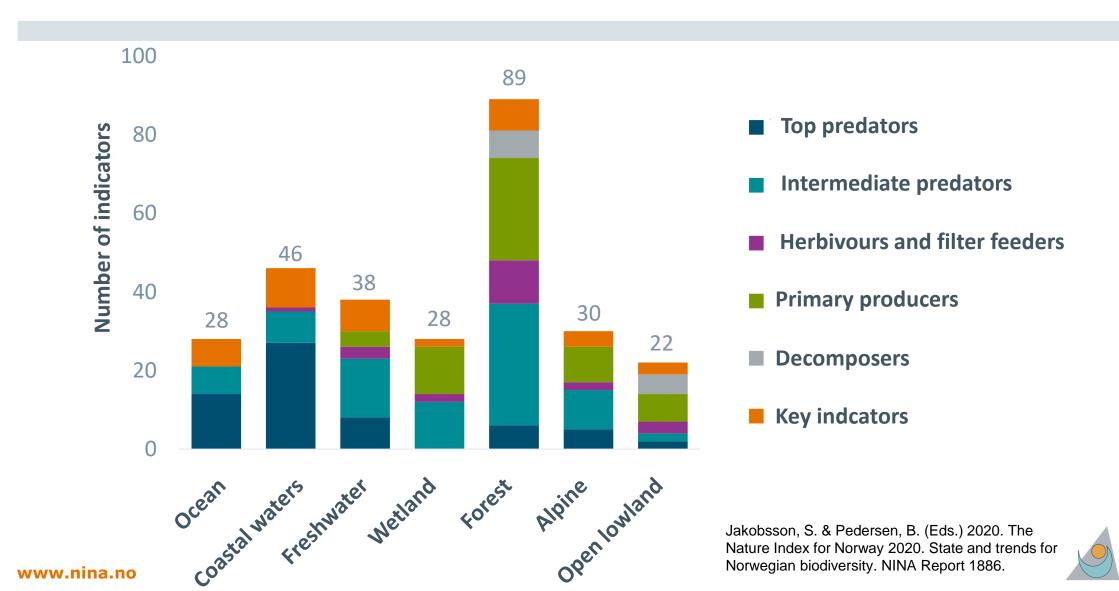
Monitoring data

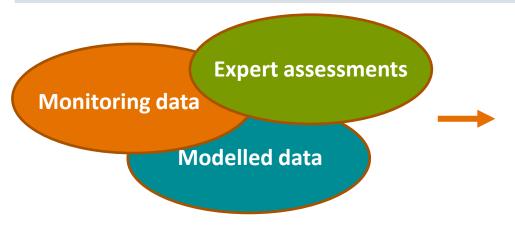
Modelled data

- Scaling
 - ▶ 1 = Reference condition *intact nature* (truncated values)
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- Aggregation weighting
 - Functional groups

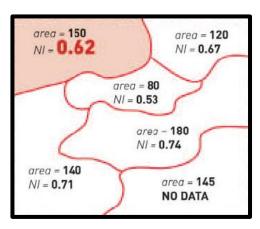






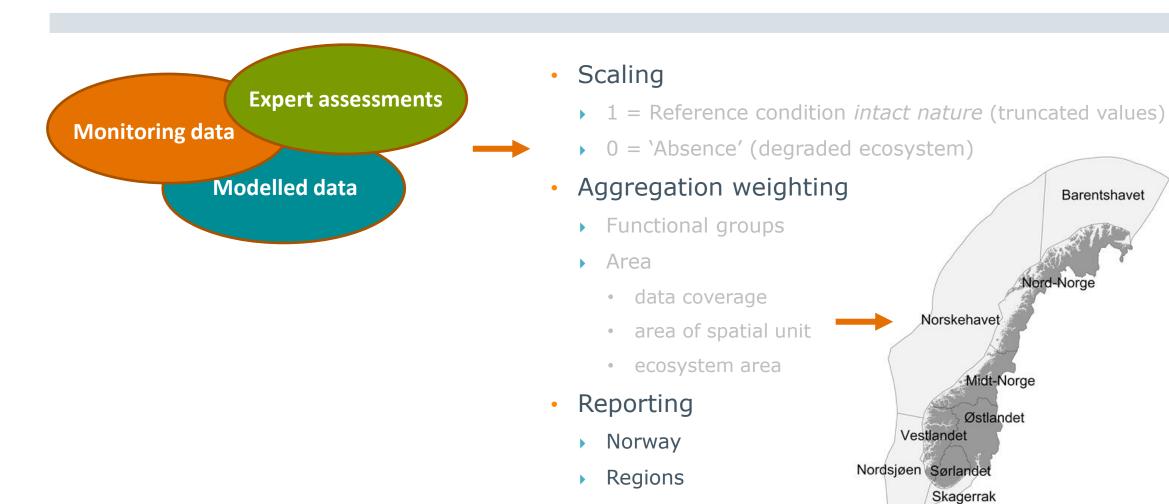


- Scaling
 - ▶ 1 = Reference condition *intact nature* (truncated values)
 - 0 = 'Absence' (degraded ecosystem)
- Aggregation weighting
 - Functional groups
 - Area
 - data coverage
 - area of spatial unit
 - ecosystem area



Certail et al. 2011. The Nature Index: A General Framework for Synthesizing Knowledge on the State of Biodiversity. PLoS ONE 6(4): e18930.

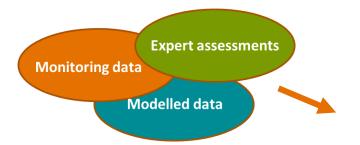


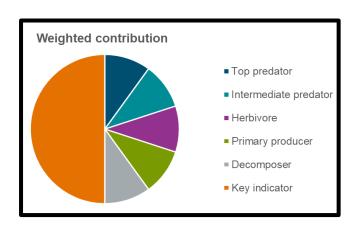


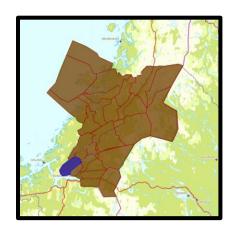
Municipalities*

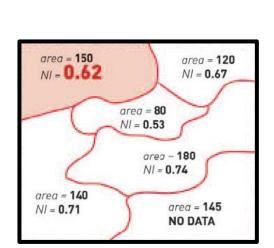


Barentshavet













0 - 1

Nord-Norge Norskehavet

Barentshavet

Midt-Norge Østlandet Vestlandet

Nordsjøen Sørlandet

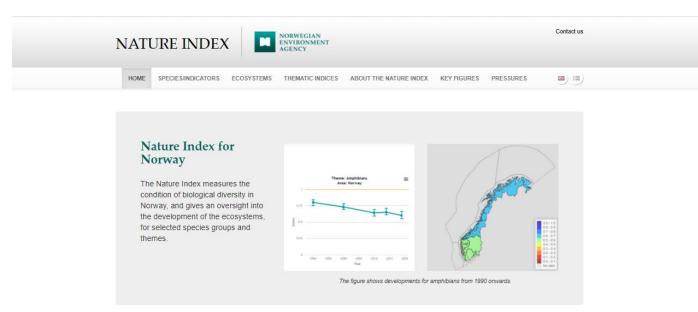
Skagerrak







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Indicators



Ecosystem



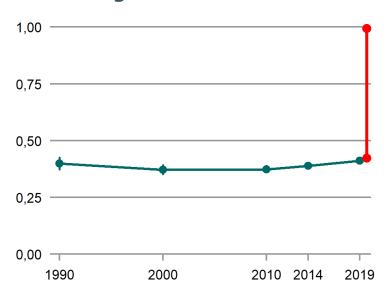
Thematic indices





Forest

- Low index: e.g. old trees and deadwood
- Slight increase after 2010

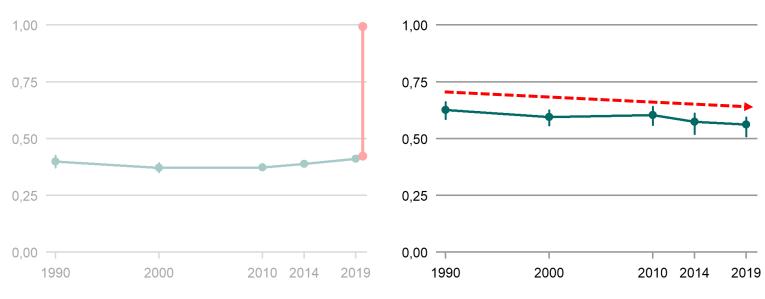




- Forest
 - and deadwood
 - ▶ Slight increase after 2010
 - ▶ Low index: e.g. old trees



- Weak negative trend
- Rodents and ptarmigan species





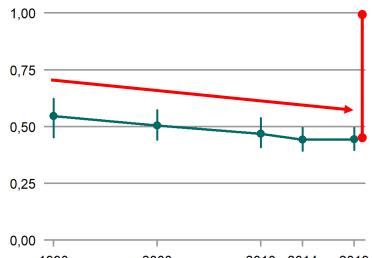


- Forest
 - ▶ Low index: e.g. old trees and deadwood
 - ▶ Slight increase after 2010
- 1.00 0.75 0.50 0.25 0.001990 2000 2014 2019 2010

- Alpine
 - Weak negative trend
 - ▶ Rodents and ptarmigan species
- 1,00 0.50 0.25

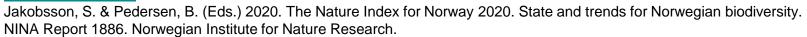


- Open lowland
 - Abandonment
 - Steady negative trend











What is it used for?













What is it used for?

- Gives an overview of the state and trends of indicators and ecosystems and helps highlighting critical target points for nature conservation
- Reports on national and international environment goals
- Thematic indices developed to focus on particularly important management questions
- Used to assess the condition of biodiversity within the Index-Based Ecological Condition Assessment (IBECA) in Norway













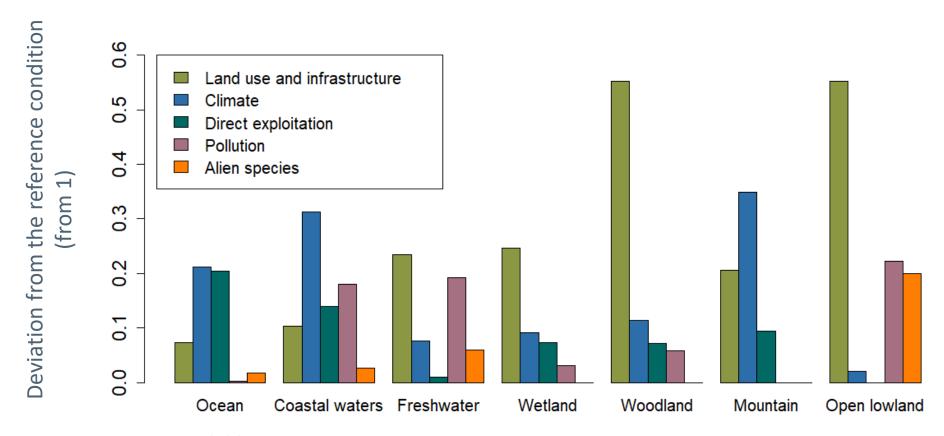
Questions?



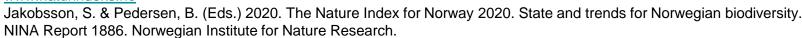


The Nature Index and Pressures

Sensitive indicators influence on deviation from the reference condition



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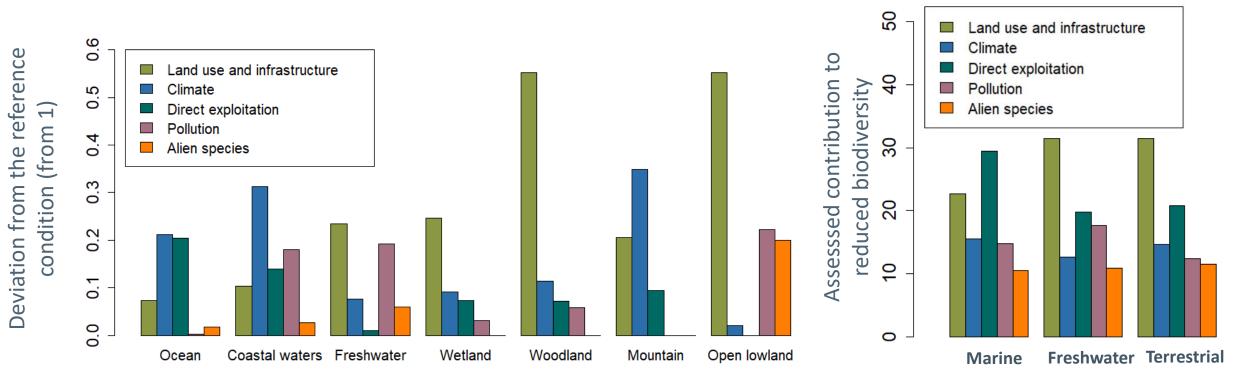




The Nature Index and Pressures

Sensitive indicators influence on deviation from the reference condition

IPBES assessment of the effects of pressures on biodiversity globally



Left: based on Jakobsson, S. & Pedersen, B. (Eds.) 2020. The Nature Index for Norway 2020. State and trends for Norwegian biodiversity. NINA Report 1886. Norwegian Institute for Nature Research. Right: based on IPBES. 2019. Summary for policymakers of the global assessment report on biodiversity and ecosystem services of the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.